

# TAMILNADU NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY

## QUESTION PAPERS

REPEAT (ODD-SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS,  
APRIL -2022

Name :

Register No.:

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**TAMIL NADU NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI**  
**B.A. LL.B. (Hons) and B.Com. LL.B. (Hons) Degree Programme**  
**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**ENGLISH – I / BUSINESS ENGLISH - I**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer all the following question:**

1. Reflect on one of your experiences of travelling to a place in another state, and your visit to different places in that state. What are the various contexts when you had to speak in English? When referring to the contexts, try to focus on Idiolect, Dialect, Isogloss and Register in understanding the different language functions.
2. Imagine that you are an active user of Facebook. Write a Facebook post on the need for global peace in the context of the contemporary international conflict by referring to the Indian philosophical ideas of non-violence and inclusiveness.
3. Attempt an argumentative essay, with a proper topic sentence, thesis statement, supporting paragraphs, and concluding paragraphs, in support of the inclusion of the basic course on Law in the school syllabus.
4. Critically evaluate the relevance of the novel To Kill a Mocking bird for the Law students, and also comment on how one gets the idea of “concern for the other” by referring to the relationship between Tom Robinson and Atticus Finch.
5. “Shakespeare was not of an age, but of all time!” Justify the statement by referring to the play The Merchant of Venice in relation to the knowledge of the law, and also present the relevance of this play for the law students in India.

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**TAMIL NADU NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI**  
**B.Com. LL.B. (Hons) Degree Programme**  
**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**LEGAL HISTORY**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. The nature of legal history writing changed over a period of time under the influence of various schools of Legal History - Doctrinal, Wisconsin School of law, Critical Legal Theory etc. in the light of the above statement evaluate the nature of legal history writing in India.
2. During the early period of colonial rule in the Indian Subcontinent the East India Company introduced some revenue and judicial reforms. However, one cannot see them as an attempt to bring about uniformity, rather they were making slight adjustments to the existing systems to support the Company's administration. Comment on this in relation to land revenue reforms with suitable examples.
3. Do you agree with the statement that *Cornwallis' Code was an honest attempt to establish the rule of law in India?* Give suitable evidence.
4. Legal education and profession in the 19<sup>th</sup> century in colonial India had many defects and practises of discrimination. Critically evaluate the above statement with suitable examples.
5. The legislative and judicial development of late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries were marked by two important features which were absent during the preceding period. Firstly, it was greatly influenced by the rise of the Indian National Movement and secondly, it was also influenced by the rise of communalism in British India. Do you agree? Provide reasons with examples to prove/substantiate your position.

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**B.A. LL.B. (Hons) Degree Programme**  
**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**ECONOMICS – II (Indian Economy)**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

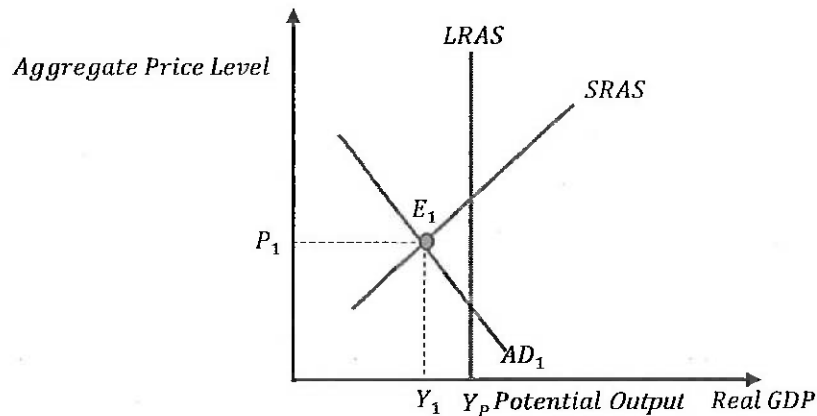
Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer all the following question:**

1. How will the following changes affect the natural rate of unemployment?
  - a. The government reduces the time during which an unemployed worker can receive unemployment benefits.
  - b. More teenagers focus on their studies and do not look for jobs until after college.
  - c. Greater access to the internet leads both potential employers and potential employees to use the internet to list and find jobs.
  - d. Union membership declines.
  
2. Assume the economy is open to capital inflows and outflows and therefore net capital inflow equals imports ( $IM$ ) minus exports ( $X$ ). Answer each of the following questions.
  - a.  $X = \$125$  million  
 $IM = \$80$  million  
 Budget balance =  $-\$200$  million  
 $I = \$350$  million  
 Calculate private savings.
  
  - b.  $X = \$85$  million  
 $IM = \$135$  million  
 Budget balance =  $\$100$  million  
 Private savings =  $\$250$  million  
 Calculate  $I$ .
  
  - c.  $X = \$60$  million  
 $IM = \$95$  million  
 Private savings =  $\$325$  million  
 $I = \$300$  million  
 Calculate the budget balance.

- d. Private savings = \$325 million  
 $I = \$400$  million  
 Budget balance = \$10 million  
 Calculate  $IM - X$ .
3. An economy is in long-run macroeconomic equilibrium when each of the following aggregate demand shocks occur. What kind of gap—inflationary or recessionary—will the economy face after the shock, and what type of fiscal policies would help move the economy back to potential output? How would your recommended fiscal policy shift the aggregate demand curve?
- A stock market boom increases the value of stocks held by households.
  - Firms come to believe that a recession in the near future is likely.
  - Anticipating the possibility of war, the government increases its purchases of military equipment.
  - The quantity of money in the economy declines and interest rates increase.
4. An economy is facing the recessionary gap shown in the accompanying diagram. To eliminate the gap, should the central bank use expansionary or contractionary monetary policy? How will the interest rate, investment spending, consumer spending, real GDP, and the aggregate price level change as monetary policy closes the recessionary gap?



5. The inflation tax is often used as a significant source of revenue in developing countries where the tax collection and reporting system is not well developed and tax evasion may be high.
- Use the numbers in the accompanying table 1 to calculate the inflation tax in the United States and India (Rp = rupees).

**Table 1:**

	Inflation in 2013	Money supply in 2013 (billions)	Central government receipts in 2013 (billions)
India	9.48%	Rp19,118	Rp10,726
United States	1.46%	\$2,832	\$3,113

- How large is the inflation tax for the two countries when calculated as a percentage of government receipts?

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**TAMIL NADU NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI**  
**B.Com. LL.B. (Hons) Degree Programme**  
**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**BUSINESS ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the Following Questions.**

1. Atul joined as a Regional Sales Head in the export division of a FMCG (Fast Moving Consumer Goods) Company. In a departmental meeting, he asked one of the subordinates, Manik, to take charge of the company's new office in Dubai. He allocated the work to him and granted the necessary authority. However, within a month, by seeking regular feedback on the extent of work accomplished from Manik, Atul realises that Manik is not doing the work as per his expectations. So, he took away the authority delegated to him and re-delegated the work to Prakrit. Due to the time wasted in this switch over, the work in the Dubai office suffered tremendously and the company was not able to meet its desired goals.

In the context of the above case:

- a. Why was Manik supposed to give regular feedback about work done to Atul?
  - b. Can the authority granted to a subordinate be taken back and re-delegated to another person?
  - c. Can Manik be held responsible for not meeting the work-related expectations of Atul? Give a suitable reason in support of your answer.
  - d. Differentiate between authority, responsibility and accountability on the basis of origin and flow.
2. 'Home Creations Ltd.' is a well-known chain of a large departmental store offering various types of products under one roof. The company owns fifty stores in various parts of the country. Each store is placed under the charge of a manager who is allowed to run their stores autonomously by deciding about the products which may be promoted, appointment of staff, ways to handle customer complaints etc. As these managers have a deeper knowledge of the local situations, it enables them to take these decisions effectively keeping in view the local circumstances and consumers'

needs. This approach helps to improve customer service and at the same time serves to boost morale and increase the job satisfaction of the store managers as it empowers them to innovate and use their initiative.

In the context of above case:

- a. Identify and explain the policy followed by 'Home Creations Ltd.' to run their stores successfully.
  - b. Also, give any three points highlighting the importance of the approach followed as identified in part (a).
  - c. List any two values that 'Home Creations Ltd.' wants to communicate to its employees.
3. Jayant is working as Head Relationship Manager in the wealth management division of a private sector bank. He has created an internal environment which is conducive to an effective and efficient performance of his team of ten relationship of "management executive". A typical day at work in Jayant's life consists of a series of interrelated and continuous functions. He decides the targets for his department which are in line with the objectives of the organization as a whole. The future course of action for his team members is laid out well in advance. The various resources required by the relationship managers like an iPad with GPS system, account opening forms, brochures, details of account holders etc. are made readily available to them. The executives are given sufficient authority to carry out the work assigned to them. Jayant works in close coordination with the Human Resource Manager in order to ensure that he is able to create and maintain a satisfactory and satisfied workforce in his department. Through constant guidance and motivation, Jayant inspires them to realize their full potential. He offers them various types of incentives from time to time keeping in view their diverse individual needs. Moreover, he keeps a close watch on their individual performances in order to ensure that they are in accordance with the standards set and takes corrective actions whenever needed.

In the context of the above case:

- a. Identify the concept being referred to in the following line, "He has created an internal environment which is conducive to an effective and efficient performance of his team of ten relationship management executives."
  - b. Identify and describe the various functions of the concept as identified in part (a) of the above by quoting lines from the paragraph and explaining how they fit in with the concept.
4. Kartik joins a garment factory as a plant supervisor in Lucknow. He observes that the output of some workers is very low as compared to the standards set for their performance. On analysing the reasons for the same, he finds out that a lot of time of

the workers is wasted in getting the requisite materials issued from the store. Whereas on asking, the store keeper complains that there is no harmony in the working of the production department as a whole. Every day the workers approach him at the last minute to procure different kinds of threads, laces, mirrors, buttons etc. If it is not available in the store then he has to place an order with the purchase officer. As a result, a lot of time of the workers is wasted. So, in order to integrate the various production activities, henceforth, Kartik ensures, that the store keeper is informed three days in advance about the requisite material needed. Consequently, the store keeper is able to keep the materials ready for the workers every morning in accordance with their requirements.

In the context of the above case:

- a. Identify and explain the quality of management that Kartik has introduced in the working of the production department as a corrective measure to control the output of the workers.
  - b. State briefly any two points highlighting the importance of quality of management identified in part (a) of the above.
5. Anjana Chemicals is looking for qualified and talented people to apply for vacant jobs in the organization. With the passage of time the organization has learned a lot with its experience. It knows when it goes for final selection of candidates it will have to design different tests. They want to test the employees on the basis of their learning and decision-making ability. The Company wants to ensure proper testing of the recruited candidates. After this the candidates will be judged on the basis of in-depth formal conversation. After the selection, the candidates are placed and trained. Employees have to be trained on the equipment they will be using but this training will take place away from the workplace.
- a. Which type of recruitment should the company depend upon?
  - b. Which type of test should be conducted done by the organization to suit their needs?
  - c. Which stage in the selection process is highlighted after the written test?
  - d. What type of training is given to the candidates?



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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE – III (International Relations)**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the Following Questions. Each Answer should not be less than 400 Words.**

1. "Whether in the physical or social sciences, the observer/researcher may choose to focus upon the parts or upon the whole, upon the components or upon the system...What that frame of reference should be, or will be, cannot be said with much certainty, but it does seem clear that it must exist". Analyse this statement from the perspective of 'level of analysis' method in International Relations? Illustrate with relevant examples.
2. During the 1980s and 1990s many scholars of international relations predicted that India and China would be the super powers of the twenty-first century as U.S.A. and U.S.S.R. were of the twentieth century. But now China has multiplied its power and has risen to the status of being able to challenge the super power status of the U.S.A. and far superior to India in many fields. Analyse the factors which influenced China's growing power and emergence as a dominating power in world politics.
3. Critically analyse the contemporary world politics from the Realist perspective of the study of international relations.
4. "One for all and all for one is an important assumption of Collective Security System which is the main basis of the formation of United Nations Organizations in the post Second World War period." – Critically analyse how the Collective Security System has proved to be a failure in the ongoing war between Russia and Ukraine.
5. "World System Theory argues that the global economic system is inherently unfair."- Critically analyse this statement and substantiate with examples.

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**SOCIOLOGY – I (A Critical Introduction)**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. Discuss the social process of competition and its different forms with suitable examples from Schools/Colleges/Workplaces and Politics. Is it inevitable? Can there be societies based only on cooperation and still progress?
2. Analyse the evolution of Lucknow School of Sociology and the Marxist methodology in studying agrarian social structure.
3. Is your Mind Social? How will you justify the theory of C.H Cooley?
4. Is religion different from Magic? How? Analyse the forms of Magic with examples and explain the role of religion and magic in societies.
5. What do you understand by the terms community and society? Are they different from one another? If so, how? Is caste organization that of a community or society? Or something else altogether? Why?

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**POLITICAL SCIENCE – I (Political Theory and Organisations)**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 X 10 =50 Marks)**

Answer the following questions. Each answer should not be less than 400 Words.

1. *“State is neither the handiwork of God, nor is it a creation of physical force, it is based on the will of the people”*. – Critically analyze the statement with suitable examples.
2. *“Anarchism regards political authority, in any of its forms, are unnecessary and undesirable”*. – Critically analyse the arguments of the Anarchists and their relevance in the light of the growing importance of the political institutions including the State in the modern world.
3. In democratic societies like India some of the Representatives of the people once they are elected as members of the legislative bodies, by forgetting the interests and aspirations of the people, are resorting to acts which enable them to continue in power for a longer period of time or satisfy their selfish interests. What are the methods by resorting to which people in such societies could see their interests are best protected? To what extent will they succeed?
4. *“In a liberal State, the sphere of individual freedom is at a maximum. The State is minimalist. In an illiberal state, the private sphere is kept to a minimum. Citizens have given up most of their freedom to the State and have few rights”*. – Analyse the Statement.
5. *“Public Opinion is created by many agencies. Public Opinion has its own significance in a democratic system. A strong opinion makes democracy strong”*. – In the light of the statement analyse public opinion formation in India and how far do the the conditions necessary for the formulation of public opinion prevalent?

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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND PRACTICAL AUDITING**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (50 Marks)**

Answer the following questions.

1. Mr. Computer started a business with the followings: (20 Marks)

1 April, 2021: Cash Rs.50,000/-; Bank Rs.1,50,000/-; Machinery Rs.1,00,000/- and Stock Rs.1,00,000/-

Other transactions during the month of April, 2021;

2 Goods purchased for Rs.50,000/-

5 Goods Purchased on Credit from Mr.Neem for Rs.50,000/-

7 Furniture purchased for Rs.25,000/-

9 Purchased Goods used for personal purposes Rs.2,000/-

10 Goods returned to Mr. Neem Rs.5,000/-

12 Goods Sold for Rs.1,50,000/-

15 Goods sold on Credit to Mr. Apple for Rs. 1,00,000/-

18 Mr. Neem's account has been settled by payment of Rs.44,000/-

20 Goods costing Rs.5,000/- returned by Mr. Apple

22 wages Paid Rs.5,000/-

25 Rent paid Rs.10,000/-

28 Rs.94,000/- received from Mr. Apple and his account has been closed

29 Rs. 1,00,000/- Received from Mr. Flower

30 Rs.50,000/- paid to Mr. Fruit

30 Interest Received Rs.10,000/-

Pass the journal entries and prepare the necessary ledger accounts and trail balance for the month of April, 2021

2. The following is the trail balance of Mr. Stone for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022  
(15 Marks)

Particulars	Debit	Credit
Capital		2,50,000
Machinery	1,00,000	
Furniture	50,000	
Purchases	1,50,000	
Salary	30,000	
Wages	20,000	
Carriage Inward	5,000	
Sales		2,00,000
Rent	10,000	
Commission		10,000
Stock as on 01.04.2021	40,000	
Bad Debts	2,000	
Stationery	3,000	
Advertisement	2,000	
Insurance	3,000	
Office Expenses	6,000	
Cash in hand	20,000	
Cash at Bank	30,000	
Creditors		1,00,000
Debtors	90,000	
Building	1,00,000	
Bank Overdraft		1,00,000
Reserve for doubtful debts		1,000
	6,61,000	6,61,000

The following adjustments are necessary:

- (i) Stock as on 31.03.2022, Rs. 30,000/-
- (ii) Provide the following outstanding: Salary Rs.500/-; Rent Rs.1,000/-; Wages Rs.500/-;
- (iii) Provide further bad debts Rs.1,000/-; Maintain the reserve for doubtful debts at 2.5% and reserve for discount on debtors at 2%
- (iv) Provide depreciation for Building 5%; Machinery 10%; Furniture 5%;

Prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

3. X, Y and Z are in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4:3:2 respectively. Their Balance sheet as on 31.12.2021 as follows:

(8 Marks)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Creditors	7,000	Cash	1,000
General Reserve	18,000	Debtors	20,000
Profit and Loss a/c	27,000	Stock	24,000
Capital		Buildings	20,000
X = 8,000			
Y = 4,000			
Z = 1,000	13,000		
	65,000		65,000

The firm was dissolved on the date 'X' agreed to take over the stock at an agreed value of Rs.20,000/- and Y take over debtors at Rs.14,000/-

The building was sold at auction for Rs.18,000/- and the Dissolution expenses was Rs.1,500/- Pass necessary journal entries and prepare Realization account.

4. As a lawyer, how will you prepare accounts for your office and what are the legal aspects you will consider for the account preparation?

(7 Marks)

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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. “Unicon Securities Pvt. Ltd” was established to deal in securities. It was registered as a stock broker with National Stock Exchange (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) to trade in securities listed at these exchanges. It is also a depository participant with CDSL and NSDL. In the first three years, it developed its business successfully. After that the composition of Board of Directors changed. Some customers complained to the customer care centre of the company that shares purchased by them and for which the payment has been duly made, were not transferred to their Demat Accounts by “Unicon securities Pvt. Ltd”. The executive of customer care centre promised the aggrieved customers that their shares will be transferred to their respective Demat Accounts very soon. But the company delayed the matter and didn’t transfer the shares of the customers to their Demat Accounts. This eroded investors’ confidence and multiplied their grievances.
  - i. Identify the step of trading procedure in a stock exchange which has not been followed by “Unicon Securities Pvt. Ltd”.
  - ii. Name the Apex statutory body of capital market to whom customers can complain to redress their grievances.
  - iii. Write two values not followed by Unicon Security Pvt. Ltd. I have made a few minor edits so use the question from this copy.
  
2. Ms. Sumita is a Professor in a reputed business institute. While explaining the procedure of stock exchange trading, she shared with her students that many years back she had bought 200 shares of a leading automobile company. As per the settlement procedure she paid for the shares and received the share certificates in physical form. However, when she had sent those certificates to the company to get them endorsed in her name, she was informed by the company that those

certificates were duplicate. Therefore, in order to protect the investors from many such malpractices, now only screen-based trading is done and dematerialization is compulsory.

In the context of the above case:

- i. Explain in detail the procedure of stock exchange trading.
  - ii. Explain the role of dematerialization in stock exchange trading.
  - iii. Explain in detail the procedure of dematerialization to be adopted by Ms. Sumita. All three are descriptive questions the answers to which I am sure are available in the notes or books prescribed. The paper setter may kindly be instructed to modify the questions suitably for an open book exam.
3. Mission Coach Ltd. is a large creditworthy company that manufactures coaches for the Indian Railways. The Company now wants to export these coaches to other countries and decides to invest in new hi-tech machines. Since the investment is large, it requires long-term finance and the Company decides to raise funds by issuing equity shares. The issue of equity shares involves huge floatation cost. To meet the expenses of floatation cost, the company decides to tap the money market.
  - i. Name and explain the money-market instrument the company can use for the above purpose.
  - ii. What is the duration for which the company can get funds through this instrument?
  - iii. State any other purpose for which this instrument can be used.
4. Raju Dairy Ltd. was incorporated in 1990 and it is one of the leading manufacturers and marketers of dairy-based branded food in India. In the initial years, its operations were restricted only to collection and distribution of milk. But, over the years it has gained a reasonable market share by offering a diverse range of dairy based products including fresh milk, flavored yogurt, ice creams, butter milk, cheese, ghee, milk powders etc. In order to raise capital to finance its expansion plans, Raju Dairy Ltd., has decided to approach capital market through a mix of offer for sale of Rs. 4 crore shares and a public issue of Rs. 2 crore shares.

In the context of the above case:

- i. Name and explain the segment of capital market being approached by the company.
  - ii. Identify the two methods of floatation used by the company to raise the required capital.
  - iii. Give the difference between them.
5. Critically evaluate the contributions of underwriting of securities.



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TAMIL NADU NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI

B.A. LL.B. (Hons) Degree Programme

Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022

ECONOMICS – I (Principles of Economics)

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)

Answer the following questions:

1. Which of the two statements below involves positive economic analysis and which normative? How do the two kinds of analysis differ?
  - a. Gasoline rationing (allocating to each individual a maximum amount of gasoline that can be purchased each year) is poor social policy because it interferes with the workings of the competitive market system.
  - b. Gasoline rationing is a policy under which more people are made worse off than are made better.
2. Consider a competitive market for which the quantities demanded and supplied (per year) at various prices are given as follows:

Price (Rs)	Demand (Millions)	Supply (Millions)
60	22	14
80	20	16
100	18	18
120	16	20

- a. Calculate the price elasticity of demand when the price is Rs.80 and when the price is Rs.100.
- b. Calculate the price elasticity of supply when the price is Rs.80 and when the price is Rs.100.
- c. What are the equilibrium price and quantity?
- d. Suppose the government sets a price ceiling of Rs.80. Will there be a shortage, and if so, how large will it be?

3. The following table shows the demand curve facing a monopolist who produces at a constant marginal cost of \$10:

Price	Quantity
18	0
16	4
14	8
12	12
10	16
8	20
6	24
4	28
2	32
0	36

- a. Calculate the firm's marginal revenue curve.
  - b. What are the firm's profit-maximizing output and price? What is its profit?
  - c. What would the equilibrium price and quantity be in a competitive industry?
  - d. What would the social gain be if this monopolist was forced to produce and price at the competitive equilibrium? Who would gain and lose as a result?
4. Do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements? Explain.
- a. If it is possible to exchange 3 pounds of cheese for 2 bottles of wine, then the price of cheese is  $\frac{2}{3}$  the price of wine.
  - b. A country can only gain from trade if it can produce a good at a lower absolute cost than its trading partner.
  - c. If there are constant marginal and average costs of production, then it is in a country's best interest to specialize completely in the production of some goods but to import others.
  - d. Assuming that labor is the only input, if the opportunity cost of producing a yard of cloth is 3 bushels of wheat per yard, then wheat must require 3 times as much labor per unit produced as cloth.
5. You have seen how asymmetric information can reduce the average quality of products sold in a market, as low-quality products drive out high-quality products. For those markets in which asymmetric information is prevalent, would you agree or disagree with each of the following? Explain briefly:

- a. The government should subsidize Consumer Reports.
  - b. The government should impose quality standards-for example, firms should not be allowed to sell low-quality items.
  - c. The producer of a high-quality good will probably want to offer an extensive warranty.
  - d. The government should require all firms to offer extensive warranties.
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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**LEGAL METHODS**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. What are primary and secondary sources? For the following research questions, list 3 primary sources and 3 secondary sources each, arrange them in order of importance and explain your choices.
  - a. Right to Clean Environment under Article 21
  - b. Free Speech and Sedition.
2. How did Foster, J. approach the situation of the Speluncean Explorers? Can it be applied to the current judicial scenario in India? Explain with suitable examples.
3. What are the rules of interpretation followed by the courts to resolve statutory ambiguity? Explain with the use of examples for each rule.
4. Access the Mental Healthcare Act 2017 from the following link:  
<https://egazette.nic.in/WriteReadData/2017/175248.pdf>  
 Identify the following parts of this Act:
  - a. The Long Title
  - b. The Marginal Notes
  - c. Preamble of the Act
  - d. Definitions Clause
 Decide whether and in what way each of the above parts of the statute can aid in its interpretation and understanding.
5. Explain whether any differences continue to exist between the following:
  - a. Procedural Law and Substantive Law
  - b. Municipal Law and International Law

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**TAMIL NADU NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI**  
**B.A. LL.B. (Hons) and B.Com. LL.B. (Hons) Degree Programme**  
**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**LAW OF TORTS**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions in your own words:**

1. Bobby is a father of twin children aged 10, Bill and Jill. They live in an apartment. Their neighbour was Jack, an IT professional. Bobby bought his children a toy air gun. Bill and Jill take turns playing it inside their house. One day, Bill and Jill were playing with the air gun outside their house in the lobby area. Jack was returning home from work and saw this. He informed Bobby that it could be dangerous for the children to play with it outside their home as any passer-by could get hurt. Bobby advised his children to play only within their apartment. However, Bill and Jill played with it in the lobby again and broke a statue kept outside Jack's apartment. Jack complained to Bobby and Bobby paid him the expenses for replacing the statue. However, Bobby did not take the air gun away from his children. He left them with a strict warning to play within the apartment. Unfortunately, Bill and Jill played with the air gun in the lobby again and hurt Jack's eye. Jack had vision problems and could not work for 3 months.  
**Can Bobby be held liable to Jack? What grounds of claim for damages are available to Jack? Explain with relevant legal principles and cases.**

2. LG Polymers India Private Limited (LGPI) is a company that operates its plant unit at Venkatapuram village, Visakhapatnam. The plant makes polystyrene products that are used in manufacturing electric fan blades, cups and cutlery, and containers for cosmetic products such as makeup. LGPI Polystyrene products are made using raw material, styrene, which is highly flammable and releases a poisonous gas when burnt. In May 2020, styrene monomer vapour had leaked out of a storage tank on the premises of the plant unit in Visakhapatnam. The vapour was dangerous and spread to the nearby village and 12 residents died as a result. Over 600 people were hospitalized with difficulty in breathing and vision complaints. A High Power Committee (HPC) was constituted to inquire into the incident and the Committee submitted a report that about 1,000 people had suffered different forms of illnesses that ranged from kidney to

neurological issues and from gastrointestinal problems to issues related to vision. The report had attributed the accident to the poor design of the tank, inadequate refrigeration and cooling system, absence of circulation of mixing systems, inadequate measurement parameters, poor safety protocol, poor safety awareness, inadequate risk assessment and response, poor process safety management systems, slackness of the management, insufficient knowledge among staff, insufficient knowledge of the chemical properties of styrene, especially during storage under idle conditions, and total breakdown of the emergency response procedures. The chemical gas leak also caused environmental harm to water bodies by contamination, the death of fish and cattle, etc.

**What are the legal principles, statutes, and cases that you will rely on to pursue an action against LGPI? Critically analyse if the law is well-equipped to tackle future incidents of the same kind.**

3. Blake owns multiple properties in the town of Georgia. He earns well by leasing out properties. In the outskirts of Georgia, Blake bought a new property that he did not want to lease out but rather to farm for his own interests. He prepared the land and started growing various vegetables, greens and fruit trees. He earned an average of two lakh rupees every month from selling the produce. This particular year he started seeing a dip in the produce and wanted to check what has been causing it. He installed a surveillance camera in his land and found that animals like sheep, cows, and horses have been entering his land and eating away his produce. The cattle belonged to a neighbour, named, Anders. Blake found that Anders also entered his land along with the cattle. While allowing the cattle to eat whatever they want, Anders just rested in Blake's resting space. After some time, Anders took his cattle back to his own land. Furious, Blake tightened the security around the land and decided to get a remedy for his loss.

**On what grounds can Blake sue Anders? What are the remedies available to Blake? Explain with relevant legal principles and cases.**

4. Mr. Loki has been running a flour mill in his premises for the last 25 years peacefully and without any objection from any of his neighbours. Ms. Serra recently moved into a house along with her husband and infant daughter next to the flour mill. The rattling sound of the flour mill disturbed Serra's family and affected her baby's health adversely. The flour mill operates even in the night and therefore, it gets difficult for Serra and her family to get proper sleep due to the noise. Ms. Serra expressed her concern to Mr. Loki, however he refused to pay any heed to it citing that over 25 years nobody raised any objection to his flour mill and that Serra should adjust to the noise. Serra decided to take legal advice for the dispute.

**As Ms. Serra's lawyer, analyze the given facts and determine whether any legal wrong has been committed by Mr. Loki. Also, advice Ms. Serra regarding the most appropriate legal course of action in the given situation.**

5. The employees of Rajpur Municipal Corporation opened a manhole in front of its office. In the evening, the manhole was covered by a tent and was left unattended. To warn people passing by, paraffin lamps were placed around the tent. Roni, a eight years old boy was returning home from his tuition classes in the late evening. He got curious to see what is under the tent and took one of the lamps and entered the manhole. When he tried to get out of the manhole, the lamp slipped from his hand and thereafter an explosion took place. Due to the explosion, Roni suffered severe burn injuries. Roni's parents sued the Municipal Corporation for damages.

**In light of the above facts, determine whether the municipal corporation can be held liable and give reasons for your decision.**

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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**  
**LAW OF CONTRACTS - II**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. Hashma and Narayanan entered into a partnership deed for carrying on business in real estate by developing the land owned by Hashma. After completion of major portion of the project, Hashma passed away. The legal representatives of Hashma are not interested to join with the business of the firm. Narayanan sued against the legal representatives of Hashma alleging that they are not joining and cooperating with the business of the firm. Decide?
2. "Every contract of Insurance, other than life insurance, is a contract of indemnity"- Critically examine the statement with decided case laws.
3. Pav hired a taxi and a driver to reach the airport on time to board his flight to *Egypt* from *Bhaji*. On the way to the Airport the taxi stopped in mid-way because there the engine bolts were loose. Pav thereafter contacted a local mechanic and asked him to fix it, Pav paid a sum of Rs. 1000/- as service charge to the mechanic. As a result of the delay Pav also missed his flight to *Egypt*. Pav later learnt that the taxi hired from *Bhaji* has bad reviews from many of his previous customers that he never maintains his taxi in a good condition to travel. Aggrieved by this Pav files a suit against *Bhaji* claiming damages. Advice Pav with decided case laws.

**Read the below given facts and give answers for 4 and 5:**

Ramlal purchased certain goods for Madanlal. Ramlal paid the purchase price on his account and kept the goods in Sumanraj's godown as per the terms agreed with Madanlal.

Madanlal subsequently refused to make the payment of purchase price to Ramlal.

4. Analyse the rights of Ramlal if he was a commission agent against Madanlal an undisclosed principal.
5. Analyse the rights of Ramlal if he was a seller and Madanlal a buyer.



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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**FAMILY LAW - II**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer all the questions with relevant legal provisions and judicial pronouncements:**

1. Mr. Cheran, along with his son (aged 16 years) and wife forms a Mitakshara Joint Family. He is a Branch Manager in XYZ Bank in India. Mr. Cheran is planning to get his son married in 2 months. For meeting the expense of the marriage, Mr. Cheran (Karta) decides to sell a land, which is a joint family property, for Rs. 1 lakh. However, his wife does not have intention to sell the property since she believes that Mr. Cheran's salary would be sufficient to conduct the marriage.  
*Critically comment on the powers of Karta for alienation of the property under the given circumstances. As an advocate for Mrs. Cheran, provide legal advice.*
2. Mr. Yaseem is a Sunni Muslim and holds property worth Rs. 10 lakhs. In the year 2018, he made a will and bequeathed the entire property to an NGO. In the year 2022, Mr. Yaseem was divorced and that caused a lot of mental health problems to him. As a result of depression, he committed suicide. Heirs of Mr. Yaseem argues that the will is not valid since he committed suicide. *Critically comment on the validity of the testament made by Mr. Yaseem.*
3. X dies leaving behind Father F, Mother M, and two sons of his daughters DS1, DS2. Calculate the shares under the following circumstances and comment on the rules of succession in both the cases.
  - a. X is a Shia Muslim
  - b. X is a Sunni Muslim
4. Mr. Joe is an Indian Christian. He dies leaving behind his mother M and Brothers B1 and B2. Calculate the shares of the heirs in the following circumstances:
  - a. Wife of Mr. Joe was existing during the death of Mr. Joe along with others mentioned above.
  - b. Wife and Father of Mr. Joe were existing at the time of the death of Mr. Joe along with others mentioned above.



5. Mr. Vetri is coparcener in the Mitakshara Joint Hindu Family. Mr. Veeran is a childhood friend of Mr. Vetri and all other coparceners also have good relationship with Mr. Veeran due to the long years of friendship. As a result of the same, all the members of the Joint Family entered into an agreement which is intended to make Mr. Veeran as one of the members of the Joint Family. After a few years, one of the members of the Joint Family, Ms. Renu, states that Mr. Veeran shall not be entitled to the Joint Family Property as he is not a member of the joint family at all.

*Comment on the status of Mr. Veeran as a member of the Joint Family and on the validity of the statement made by Ms. Renu. State your opinion regarding the persons who can be the members of a Joint Family and their right to succession in Joint Family Property according to Hindu Succession Act 1956.*

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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - I**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. India is believed to have certain federal characteristics. How does Part I of the Constitution reflect India's federal nature?
2. Article 19(1)(a) of the Constitution and the concept of "reasonable restrictions" especially in the context of "public order" under 19(2) has evolved over time. Choosing at least 4 judgments of note, trace the evolution of these concepts by clearly identifying the different methods of constitutional interpretation employed by the Courts.
3. Is a right to a fair hearing included in "procedure established by law" in Article 21 of the Constitution? If yes, explain how this came to be so. How has this impacted the interpretation of Article 21 in recent times?
4. Apply the tests of the Right to Equality as expounded through case law of the Supreme Court to the following issues. It is not necessary to definitively decide either case, but thoughtful argumentation is required. Please begin by clearly elucidating which Articles of the Constitution are relevant, the judgments that lay down the tests and those that are factually directly relevant to the issue at hand.
  - a. A retirement age for air hostesses (women) of 30, or on first pregnancy, and air pursers (men) at age of 40.
  - b. Quotas for the Maratha community.
5. Pay close attention to each of the statements below and decide whether they are true or false and give reasons for your choice. You are permitted to be conflicted about your answer as long as reasons are provided.
  - a. The citizenship provisions of the Constitution are impermanent.
  - b. The judgments on "other authorities" under Article 12 have consistently expanded the definition of the State.



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**Repeat (Odd-Semester) Examinations, April 2022**  
**LAW OF CRIMES – I (Indian Penal Code)**

Time: 3 ¼ Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

**PART – A (5 x 10 =50 Marks)**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. Rakesh is an absconded offender from District Jail. He was serving life imprisonment for last 5 years. On 15th March, 2022, he escaped during night time by making a tunnel in the jail. After getting this information Inspector Brij Kumar searched for him and after 2 days he found Rakesh near a village and attempted to arrest him. In order to overcome the resistance of Rakesh, Inspector Brij Kumar used tremendous force on his neck as a result of which Rakesh died.

**Examine the liability of Brij Kumar with the help of legal principles and case laws.**

2. Viru, a child aged 11 years while going to his school, sees one Mr. Bhagat who is his grandfather's friend drop his purse with money in it. Viru picks up the purse with the intention of returning it to Mr. Bhagat. However, afterwards when he found that there is Rs. 1000 in the purse, he thought he can purchase some toy and food item for him and appropriates it for his own use.

**Whether Viru has committed any offence under IPC? Justify your answer with the help of legal principles and case laws.**

3. Biju's married sister Siju had quarreled with her husband Ajay and was staying with Biju for the past 1 month. One day, Ajay along with his two friends went to bring his wife Siju. Ajay went inside the house and came out dragging his wife Siju. By seeing this, Biju got extremely angry and gave a blow to Ajay. As a consequence of that blow, Ajay fell on a stone near by the house and died due to brain injury.

**Examine the criminal liability of Biju with the help of legal principles and case laws.**

4. Heden is a citizen of Nepal and resides in Kathmandu, Nepal. He entered into a contract with Martin, an Indian citizen, residing in Mumbai for the supply of 1000 tons of wheat. In this regard, Heden had a long correspondence with Martin through

phone calls, emails, text messages etc. He had also sent his agent to Mumbai to conclude the deal and collect payments. Martin had paid Rs 10 lakhs to Heden's agent. However, Heden breached the contract and did not supply the wheat. Martin tried to contact Heden and his agent multiple times but they were unreachable. Martin later came to know that Heden had been involved in offence of cheating in the past and that he is a fugitive. Martin then informed the Mumbai Police about being duped by Heden of Rs 10 lakhs. Heden was arrested by Mumbai Police from the airport when they were tipped off that he was traveling to India.

**In the light of the above facts, examine whether Heden can be prosecuted in India? Discuss on the basis of the provisions of the IPC and landmark cases.**

5. Rex is a married man with an 8 year old daughter, Donna. Yen was Rex's neighbor and was suffering from schizophrenia, a mental illness where a person has delusions and hallucinations. One day the main door of Rex's house was open and Yen entered the house. He had a knife in his hand. Donna was playing in the living room and Yen put the knife to her throat. Rex saw this and got extremely scared for his daughter's life. Rex's wife Vinni came into the living room and saw the horrific scenario. Yen started saying Vinni is a witch and she should be burned. Yen threatened to burn Rex's wife or that he would slit his daughter's throat. Rex was in a painful dilemma but decided to save his daughter's life and put the bedroom on fire and locked his wife in it. Seeing Vinnie locked in a fire filled room, Yen felt satisfied and set Donna free and ran out of the house. Rex immediately took Vinnie out of the bedroom but by that time she had already received third-degree burns on her body. She was immediately taken to hospital by Rex where she is undergoing treatment and her life is out of danger. However, her skin is damaged beyond repair permanently.

**In light of the above facts, determine if Rex can take the benefit of the defense of compulsion due to threats under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 by examining the requirements of this general exception to criminal liability under the code. Comment upon the scope of the section and whether it requires any change according to you. Also, determine the liability of Yen.**